GUIDELINES FOR PHYSICIANS/THERAPISTS

CONTRAINDICATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS FOR THERAPEUTIC RIDING

The following conditions may represent precautions or contraindications to therapeutic horseback riding if present in potential students. Therefore, when completing the physician's referral, please note whether these conditions are present and to what degree.

ABSOLUTE CONTRAINDICATIONS

ORTHOPEDIC:

- Acute arthritis
- Acute herniated or prolapsed disc
- Atlanto-axial instabilities
- Coxa athrosis (degeneration of hip joint)
- Structural cranial deficits
- Osteogenesis imperfecta
- Pathological fractures
- Spondylothesis
- Structural scoliosis >30 degrees, excessive kyphosis or lordosis or hemivertebra
- Spinal stenosis

NEUROLOGICAL:

- CVA 2nd to unclipped aneurysm or angioma
- Paralysis due to spinal cord injury above T6 (adult)
- Spina bifida associations Chiari II Malformation, Hydromyelia, Tethered Cord
- Uncontrolled (grand mal) seizures within last 6 months

MEDICAL/PSYCHOLOGICAL:

- Obesity >160 lbs
- Anticoagulants

OTHER:

- Age under 2 years old
- Any condition that the instructor, therapist, physician or program does not feel comfortable treating

RELATIVE CONTRAINDICATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

ORTHOPEDIC:

- Arthrogryposis
- Heterotrophic ossification
- Hip subluxation, dislocation or dysphasia
- Osteoporosis
- Spinal fusion/fixation, Harrington Rods (within 2 years of surgery)

- Spinal instabilities/abnormalities
- Spinal orthoses

NEUROLOGIC:

- Neuromuscular disorders: Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis, Fibromyalgia, Gullian Barre, exacerbation of Multiple Sclerosis, Post Polio Syndrome
- Hydrocephalic shunt

MEDICAL/PSYCHOSOCICAL:

- Abusive or disruptive behaviour
- Cancer
- Hemophilia
- History of skin breakdown or skin grafts
- Abnormal fatigue
- Incontinence (must wear protection)
- Peripheral vascular disease
- Sensory deficits
- Serious hearth condition or hypertension
- Significant allergies
- Surgery within the last three months
- Uncontrolled diabetes
- Indwelling catheter
- Substance abuse

FLEXION/EXTENSION X-RAY REQUIRED FOR ATRAUMATIC FACTORS THAT MAY BE ASSOCIATED WITH AN UNSTABLE UPPER CERVICAL SPINE:

- Os odontoidum
- Down syndrome
- Athetoid cerebral palsy
- Rheumatoid arthritis of cervical vertebrae
- Congenital torticollis
- Sprengel deformity
- Ankylosing Spondylitis
- Congenital atlanto-occipital instability
- Klippel-Feil syndrome
- Chiari malformation with condylar hydroplasia
- Fusion of C2-C3
- Lateral mass degeneration change at C1-C2
- Systemic lupus
- Morquio disease
- Non-rheumatoid cranial settling
- Subluxation of upper cervical vertebrae due to tumors or infections
- Idiopathic laxity of the ligaments
- Grisel's syndrome
- Lesch-Nyhan syndrome
- Marshall-Smith syndrome

- Diffuse idiopathic hyperostosisCongenital chondrodysplasia